**PROJECT 1**

**Comparison-based Sorting Algorithms**

**College of Computing and Informatics, University of North Carolina at Charlotte.**

**Algorithms and Data Structures**

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**ITCS 6114/8114 – SPRING 2024**

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**Project 1: Comparison-based Sorting Algorithms**

The major goal of this project is to construct comparison-based sorting algorithms and assess their efficiency over a variety of input sizes, including 1000, 2000, 3K, 5K, 10K, 20K, 40K, 50K, 60K, 80K, and 100K. We employed integer, long, array, and string data structures. This project covers the following sorting algorithms:

* Insertion sort
* Merge sort
* Heapsort [vector-based, and insert one item at a time]
* In-place quicksort (any random item or the first or the last item of your input can be pivoted).
* Modified Quicksort
  + Using median-of-three as a pivot.
  + For small sub-problems of size ≤15, using insertion sort.

The complexity study of various sorting algorithms is given below:

* **Insertion Sort:** Insertion Sort analyzes neighboring elements and swaps them if they are in the incorrect order. It begins with the smallest element and gradually sorts the array. This process will continue until all items have been sorted. The time complexity is O(n2), but the spatial complexity is O(1).
* **Merge Sort:** Merge sort uses the divide and conquer approach. It separates the list recursively into sub-lists, with each sub-list containing exactly one member. Merge sort efficiently sorts a list in O(n\*log(n)) time. It is widely used to find inversions in a list and for external sorting. The spatial complexity is O(n).
* **Heap Sort:** Heap sort places elements in an array into a binary heap before repeatedly extracting the largest member and placing it into the sorted array. The time complexity is O(n\*log(n)), whereas the space complexity is O(1).
* **In-place and Modified Quick Sort:** A pivot element is chosen, and other elements are arranged around it, with lower values on the left and equal or greater values on the right. Sorting is done recursively on the sub-arrays. In modified quicksort, the pivot element is taken from the array's median. Following sorting, the middle element is used to get the median. The time complexity remains O(n\*log(n)), while the space complexity is O(n).

**Sorting Algorithms Codes:**

**DriverMain.java code:**

package algorithm;

import java.io.FileWriter;

import java.io.IOException;

import java.util.Arrays;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class DriverMain {

 public static void main(String[] args) {

  try {

  String charRand= "---------- The Following is Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Random Numbers ----------";

  String charSort= "---------- The Following is Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Sorted Numbers ----------";

  String charRevSort= "---------- The Following is Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Reversely Sorted Numbers ----------";

     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

  FileWriter opFile = new FileWriter("myOutput.txt",true);

        System.out.println("Enter the no of input size to be sorted: ");

        int n = Integer.parseInt(in.nextLine());

        in.close();

        int randIpArray[]= AllSortingAlgorithm.getIntRandNos(n);

        int randIpArray1[]= Arrays.copyOf(randIpArray, randIpArray.length);

        int randIpArray2[]= Arrays.copyOf(randIpArray, randIpArray.length);

        opFile.write("\n The Ip Size are:" + n);

        opFile.flush();

        opFile.close();

        System.out.println( '\n' +" ------------- The Following is Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Random Numbers -------------" + '\t' + '\n');

        calTime.randSorted(randIpArray,charRand);

        System.out.println( '\n'  +"------------- The Following is Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Sorted Numbers -------------" + '\n');

  calTime.Sorting(randIpArray1,charSort);

        System.out.println( '\n'  + "------------- The Following is Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Reversely Sorted Numbers -------------" + '\n');

        calTime.revSorted(randIpArray2,charRevSort);

  }

   catch (IOException exception) {

        System.out.println("An Error occured, please check!!!");

        exception.printStackTrace();

      }

 }

}

**AllSortingAlgorithm.java code:**

package algorithm;

import java.util.Random;

public class AllSortingAlgorithm {

     private static final Random randNums = new Random();

     private static final int RANGE\_OF\_NUMS = 10000000;

        public static int[] getIntRandNos(int arrSize) {

      int[] array = new int[arrSize];

      for(int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {

       array[i] = randNums.nextInt(RANGE\_OF\_NUMS);

      }

      return array;

     }

     //\*\*\*\*\* Insertion sort Code \*\*\*\*\*

        static void algoInsertionSort(int randIpArray[]) {

            int n = randIpArray.length;

            for (int i=1; i<n; ++i)

            {

                int key = randIpArray[i];

                int j = i-1;

                while (j>=0 && randIpArray[j] > key)

                {

                    randIpArray[j+1] = randIpArray[j];

                    j = j-1;

                }

                randIpArray[j+1] = key;

            }

        }

        //\*\*\*\*\*  Merge sort Code \*\*\*\*\*

        static void algoMergeSort(int left, int right,int arrayIP[])

        {

            if (left < right)

            {

                int middle = (left+right)/2;

                algoMergeSort(left, middle,arrayIP);

                algoMergeSort(middle+1, right,arrayIP);

                algoMerge(left, middle, right,arrayIP);

            }

        }

      private static void algoMerge(int left, int middle, int right,int randIpArray[])

         {

             int m = middle - left + 1;

             int n = right - middle;

             int temp1[] = new int [m];

             int temp2[] = new int [n];

             for (int i=0; i<m; i++)

                 temp1[i] = randIpArray[left + i];

             for (int j=0; j<n; j++)

                 temp2[j] = randIpArray[middle + 1+ j];

             int i = 0, j = 0, key = left;

             while (i < m && j < n)

             {

                 if (temp1[i] <= temp2[j])

                 {

                     randIpArray[key] = temp1[i];

                     i++;

                 }

                 else

                 {

                     randIpArray[key] = temp2[j];

                     j++;

                 }

                 key++;

             }

             while (i < m)

             {

                 randIpArray[key] = temp1[i];

                 i++;

                 key++;

             }

             while (j < n)

             {

                 randIpArray[key] = temp2[j];

                 j++;

                 key++;

             }

         }

       public static void heapifyOp(int a, int b,int randIpArray[])

         {

             int big = b;

             int l = 2\*b + 1;

             int r = 2\*b + 2;

             if (l < a && randIpArray[l] > randIpArray[big])

                 big = l;

             if (r < a && randIpArray[r] > randIpArray[big])

                 big = r;

             if (big != b)

             {

                 int swapVal = randIpArray[b];

                 randIpArray[b] = randIpArray[big];

                 randIpArray[big] = swapVal;

                 heapifyOp( a, big,randIpArray);

             }

         }

         //\*\*\*\*\*  Heap sort Code \*\*\*\*\*

         public static void heapSortAlgo(int randIpArray[])

         {

             int n = randIpArray.length;

             for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--) {

               heapifyOp( n, i,randIpArray);

             }

             for (int i=n-1; i>=0; i--)

             {

                 int temp = randIpArray[0];

                 randIpArray[0] = randIpArray[i];

                 randIpArray[i] = temp;

                 heapifyOp( i, 0,randIpArray);

             }

         }

         //\*\*\*\*\* In-Place quick sort Code \*\*\*\*\*

     static void algoInPlaceQuickSort( int leftint, int rightint,int randIpArray[]) {

      if(leftint >= rightint)

       return;

      final int sintRandom = rightint - leftint + 1;

      int pivot = randNums.nextInt(intRandom) + leftint;

      int newPivot = algoInPlacePartition(leftint, rightint, pivot,randIpArray);

      algoInPlaceQuickSort(leftint, newPivot-1,randIpArray);

      algoInPlaceQuickSort(newPivot+1, rightint,randIpArray);

     }

     private static int algoInPlacePartition(int leftint, int rightint, int pivot,int

    randIpArray[]) {

      int pivotTemp = randIpArray[pivot];

      swapVal( pivot, rightint,randIpArray);

      int temp = leftint;

      for(int i = leftint; i <= (rightint - 1); i++) {

              if(randIpArray[i] < pivotTemp) {

                  swapVal( i, temp,randIpArray);

                  temp++;

              }

          }

          swapVal( temp, rightint,randIpArray);

          return temp;

     }

        //\*\*\*\*\*  Modified Quick Sort Code \*\*\*\*\*

     static void algoModifiedQuickSort(int leftint, int rightint,int[] ipArr)

     {

      if(leftint + 15 <= rightint)

      {

       int pivot = getMedianVal(leftint, rightint,ipArr);

       int middle = getMiddleVal( leftint, rightint, pivot,ipArr);

       algoModifiedQuickSort(leftint, middle-1,ipArr );

       algoModifiedQuickSort(middle+1, rightint,ipArr );

      }

      else

      {

       algoInsertionSort(ipArr);

      }

     }

     private static int getMiddleVal( int leftint, int rightint, int pivot,int[]

    ipArr)

     {

      int i = leftint, j = rightint - 1;

      while(true)

      {

       while(ipArr[++i] < pivot);

       while(pivot < ipArr[--j]);

       if(i >= j)

        break;

       else

        swapVal(i, j,ipArr );

      }

      swapVal(i, rightint-1,ipArr);

      return i;

     }

     private static int getMedianVal(int leftint, int rightint,int[] ipArr ) {

      int center = (leftint+rightint)/2;

      if(ipArr[center] < ipArr[leftint])

       swapVal( center, leftint,ipArr);

      if(ipArr[rightint] < ipArr[leftint])

       swapVal( rightint, leftint,ipArr);

      if(ipArr[rightint] < ipArr[center])

       swapVal(rightint, center,ipArr );

      swapVal( center, rightint-1,ipArr);

      return ipArr[rightint-1];

     }

     private static void swapVal(int s, int t,int[] ipArr) {

      int temp = ipArr[s];

      ipArr[s] = ipArr[t];

      ipArr[t] = temp;

     }

    }

**calTime.java code:**

package algorithm;

import java.util.Arrays;

import java.io.FileWriter;

import java.io.IOException;

public class calTime {

 public static void Sorting(int[] randArray,String opHead) {

  Arrays.sort(randArray);

  calcTime(randArray,opHead);

 }

 public static void revSorted(int[] randArray,String opHead) {

  int[] revarraySortay= revSortedArr(randArray);

  calcTime(revarraySortay,opHead);

 }

 public static void randSorted(int[] randArray,String opHead) {

  int[] arr1=Arrays.copyOf(randArray, randArray.length);

  calcTime(arr1,opHead);

 }

  private static int[] revSortedArr(int randarr[]) {

   int arrIp[]= Arrays.copyOf(randarr,randarr.length);

   int length = arrIp.length;

         for (int i=1; i<length; i++)

         {

             int j = arrIp[i];

             int k = i-1;

             while (k>=0 && arrIp[k] < j)

             {

                 arrIp[k+1] = arrIp[k];

                 k = k-1;

             }

             arrIp[k+1] = j;

         }

   return arrIp;

  }

  static void calcTime(int arrayInt[],String a) {

   try {

  FileWriter opFile = new FileWriter("C:\\Users\\firee\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Project\_1\\myOutput.txt",true);

  opFile.write('\n'+a+'\n');

  int arraySort[] = Arrays.copyOf(arrayInt, arrayInt.length);

  int arraySort1[] = Arrays.copyOf(arraySort, arraySort.length);

  int arraySort2[] = Arrays.copyOf(arraySort, arraySort.length);

  int arraySort3[] = Arrays.copyOf(arraySort, arraySort.length);

  int arraySort4[] = Arrays.copyOf(arraySort, arraySort.length);

  System.out.println("Array before the sorting algorithm: "+Arrays.toString(arraySort));

  //Insertion Sort Code

        long insertSortTimeStart = System.nanoTime();

        AllSortingAlgorithm.algoInsertionSort(arraySort);

        long insertSortEndTime = System.nanoTime();

        System.out.println("------ Insertion Sort ------");

        System.out.println("The Execution Time for Insertion Sort is  "+'\t'+(insertSortEndTime-insertSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds");

        opFile.write("\n------ Insertion Sort ------ \n");

        opFile.write("The Execution Time for Insertion Sort is "+'\t'+(insertSortEndTime-insertSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds"+'\n');

        System.out.println("Ip Elements Sorted: "+Arrays.toString(arraySort)+'\n');

   // Merge Sort Code

        long  mergeSortTimeStart = System.nanoTime();

        AllSortingAlgorithm.algoMergeSort(0, arraySort3.length-1,arraySort3);

        long mergeSortEndTime = System.nanoTime();

        System.out.println("------ Merge Sort ------");

        System.out.println("The Execution Time for Merge Sort is "+'\t'+(mergeSortEndTime-mergeSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds");

        opFile.write("\n------ Merge Sort ------\n");

        opFile.write("\nThe Execution Time for Merge Sort is "+'\t'+(mergeSortEndTime-mergeSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds"+'\n');

        System.out.println("Ip Elements Sorted: "+Arrays.toString(arraySort3)+'\n');

    // Heap Sort Code

        long heapSortTimeStart = System.nanoTime();

        AllSortingAlgorithm.heapSortAlgo(arraySort4);

        long heapSortEndTime = System.nanoTime();

        System.out.println("------ Heap Sorting ------");

        System.out.println("The Execution Time for Heap Sort is "+'\t'+(heapSortEndTime-heapSortTimeStart)+" nanoseconds");

        opFile.write("\n------ Heap Sorting ------\n");

        opFile.write("\n The Execution Time for Heap Sort is"+'\t'+(heapSortEndTime-heapSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds"+'\n');

        System.out.println("Ip Elements Sorted: "+Arrays.toString(arraySort4)+"\n");

    // In-Place QuickSorting Code

        long inplacequickSortTimeStart = System.nanoTime();

        AllSortingAlgorithm.algoInPlaceQuickSort(0, arraySort2.length-1,arraySort2);

        long inplacequickSortEndTime = System.nanoTime();

        System.out.println("------ Inplace Quick Sorting ------");

        System.out.println(" The Execution Time for Inplace Quick is "+'\t'+(inplacequickSortEndTime-inplacequickSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds");

        opFile.write("\n------ Inplace Quick Sorting ------\n");

        opFile.write("\nThe Execution Time for Inplace Quick is "+'\t'+(inplacequickSortEndTime-inplacequickSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds"+'\n');

        System.out.println("Ip Elements Sorted: "+Arrays.toString(arraySort2)+"\n");

    // Modified QuickSorting Code

        long modifiedquickSortTimeStart = System.nanoTime();

        AllSortingAlgorithm.algoModifiedQuickSort(0,arraySort1.length-1,arraySort1);

        long modifiedquickSortEndTime = System.nanoTime();

        System.out.println("------ Modified Quick Sorting -------");

        System.out.println(" The Execution Time for Modified Quick Sort is "+'\t'+(modifiedquickSortEndTime-modifiedquickSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds");

        System.out.println("Ip Elements Sorted: "+Arrays.toString(arraySort1));

        opFile.write("\n------ Modified Quick Sorting ------\n");

        opFile.write("\nThe Execution Time for Modified Quick Sort is "+'\t'+(modifiedquickSortEndTime-modifiedquickSortTimeStart)+ " nanoseconds"+'\n');

        opFile.close();

   }

   catch (IOException e) {

        System.out.println("An Error occured, please check!!!");

        e.printStackTrace();

      }

 }

}

**Inputs:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Random Numbers** | | | | | |
| **Input Size** | **Insertion Sorting** | **Merge Sorting** | **Heap Sorting** | **In place quick Sorting** | **Modified quick Sorting** |
| 1000 | 2149600 | 726600 | 324900 | 481700 | 603800 |
| 2000 | 3852600 | 795300 | 417700 | 776600 | 3435200 |
| 3000 | 5449000 | 873300 | 734200 | 801500 | 5228600 |
| 5000 | 9418400 | 1139400 | 1154100 | 1485600 | 11598600 |
| 10000 | 27388900 | 3119900 | 2306400 | 2402000 | 25703100 |
| 20000 | 92144700 | 3350900 | 2912700 | 3355100 | 73998000 |
| 40000 | 316097900 | 10529100 | 7530900 | 7825700 | 238747700 |
| 50000 | 497274800 | 8359200 | 8253500 | 5552900 | 447977300 |
| 60000 | 822387000 | 13939700 | 11015100 | 13993900 | 998789800 |
| 80000 | 1320857500 | 22197800 | 18082900 | 15198700 | 1062479900 |
| 100000 | 2206516900 | 21372800 | 12180500 | 14009900 | 1742835100 |

**Table 1:** Displays the input size and execution time (nanoseconds) for the Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Random Numbers.

**Figure 1:** Depicts the Input Size versus Execution Time for the Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Random Numbers.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Sorted Numbers** | | | | | |
| **Input Size** | **Insertion Sorting** | **Merge Sorting** | **Heap Sorting** | **In place quick Sorting** | **Modified quick Sorting** |
| 1000 | 7600 | 147900 | 114500 | 201100 | 493800 |
| 2000 | 4200 | 314100 | 222400 | 265400 | 548500 |
| 3000 | 21100 | 191200 | 249800 | 142500 | 5521700 |
| 5000 | 10300 | 272300 | 400600 | 133300 | 2518700 |
| 10000 | 23100 | 744500 | 1140800 | 254400 | 16122400 |
| 20000 | 19300 | 1059300 | 1866500 | 789400 | 40563800 |
| 40000 | 68000 | 1200200 | 2609600 | 1072100 | 188651800 |
| 50000 | 46300 | 2708200 | 4327300 | 1628700 | 217625100 |
| 60000 | 124300 | 2470200 | 4101900 | 2340600 | 251752600 |
| 80000 | 75400 | 4039000 | 3936700 | 2185600 | 1028052300 |
| 100000 | 223700 | 7685600 | 6321300 | 3841000 | 1199335300 |

**Table 2:** Displays the input size and execution time (nanoseconds) for the Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Sorted Numbers.

**Figure 2:** Depicts the Input Size versus Execution Time for the Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Sorted Numbers.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Reversely Sorted Numbers** | | | | | |
| **Input Size** | **Insertion Sorting** | **Merge Sorting** | **Heap Sorting** | **In place quick Sorting** | **Modified quick Sorting** |
| 1000 | 1949700 | 219000 | 131600 | 141400 | 552300 |
| 2000 | 695200 | 121400 | 172600 | 87200 | 292000 |
| 3000 | 1929000 | 167300 | 245900 | 131500 | 1739700 |
| 5000 | 3897100 | 251500 | 544000 | 160000 | 5420300 |
| 10000 | 15701100 | 527000 | 821500 | 317100 | 11515500 |
| 20000 | 58730500 | 622900 | 1570200 | 720200 | 46527000 |
| 40000 | 231774000 | 5058900 | 1991800 | 1290800 | 220831600 |
| 50000 | 349660800 | 1597100 | 4141000 | 1502300 | 222189200 |
| 60000 | 523094200 | 3456400 | 4040600 | 2490700 | 333477200 |
| 80000 | 923437700 | 3322500 | 3997700 | 2603500 | 758247600 |
| 100000 | 1311991500 | 6714900 | 6029500 | 4324300 | 1037215500 |

**Table 3:** Displays the input size and execution time (nanoseconds) for the Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Reversely Sorted Numbers.

**Figure 3:** Depicts the Input Size versus Execution Time for the Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithm for Reversely Sorted Numbers.

**Results:**

Insertion sort is efficient when dealing with tiny pieces, demonstrating its usefulness in sorting this type of data. However, when we compare its performance to that of sorted and reversely sorted algorithms, it is clear that the reversely sorted algorithm has the greatest decrease in efficiency. This decline demonstrates the difficulties insertion sort confronts when dealing with data that is not naturally organized.

When we look at various sorting algorithms like merge sort, heap sort, and rapid sort, we see that their temporal complexity is similar, with all operating at O(nlogn). This constancy in time complexity shows that these sorting algorithms are efficient over a range of input sizes.

The graphs provide a visual representation of this data, providing for a better understanding of the performance differences between the sorting methods. They are useful tools for analyzing and comparing the efficiency of various algorithms under different conditions.